



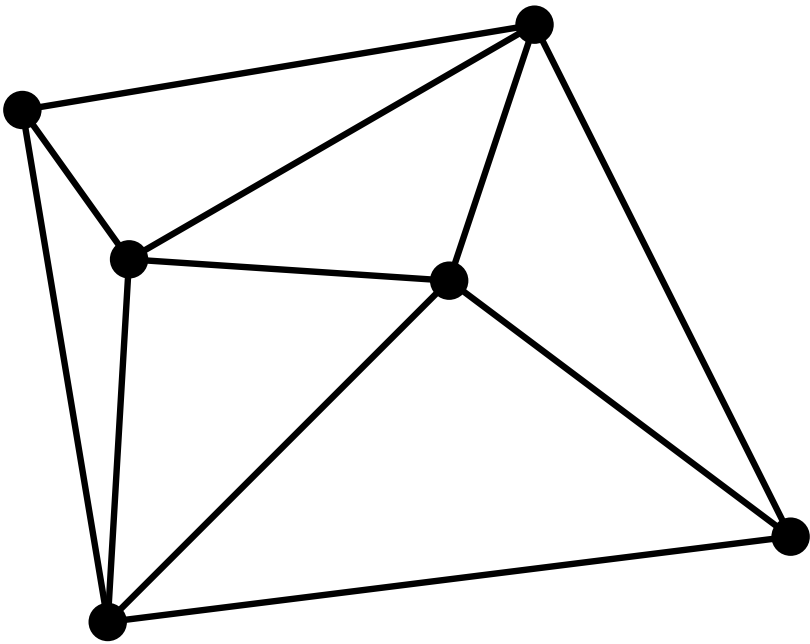
Blocking Delaunay Triangulations from the Exterior

Oswin Aichholzer, Thomas Hackl, Maarten Löffler,
Alexander Pilz, Irene Parada, Manfred Scheucher,
Birgit Vogtenhuber



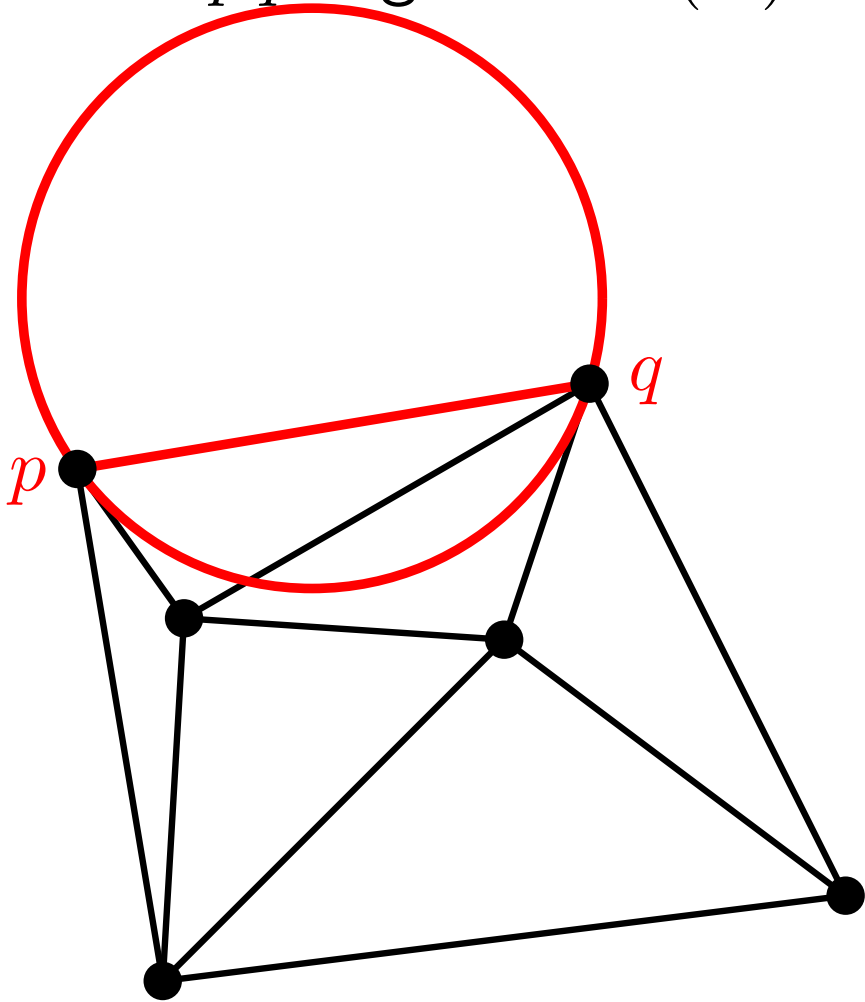
Delaunay Triangulation

- pq edge in $DT(P)$ iff \exists empty circle through p and q



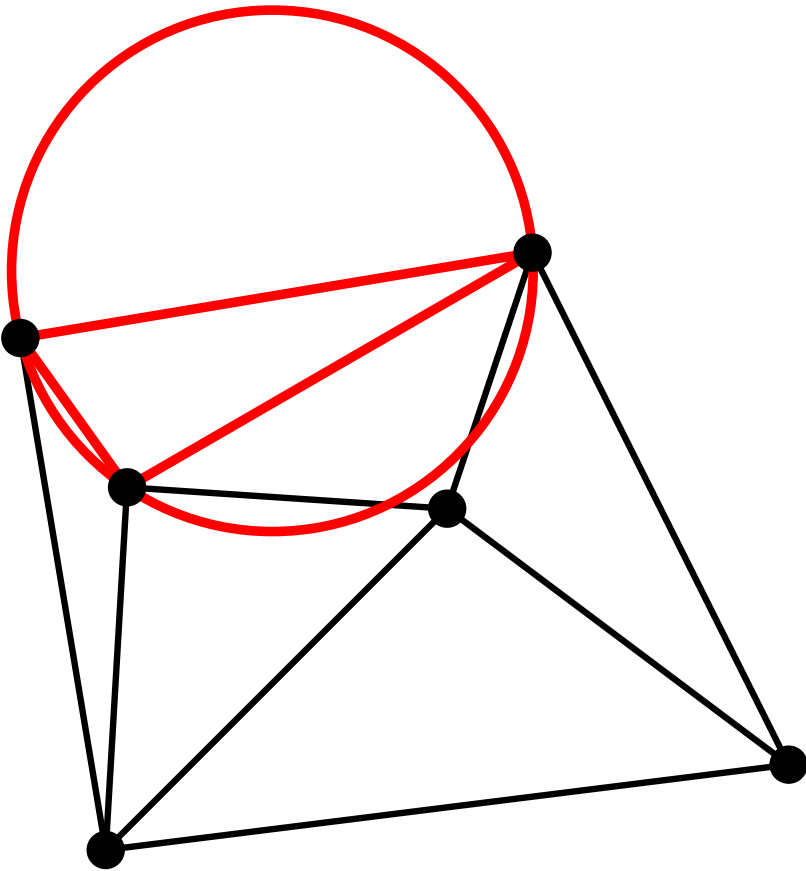
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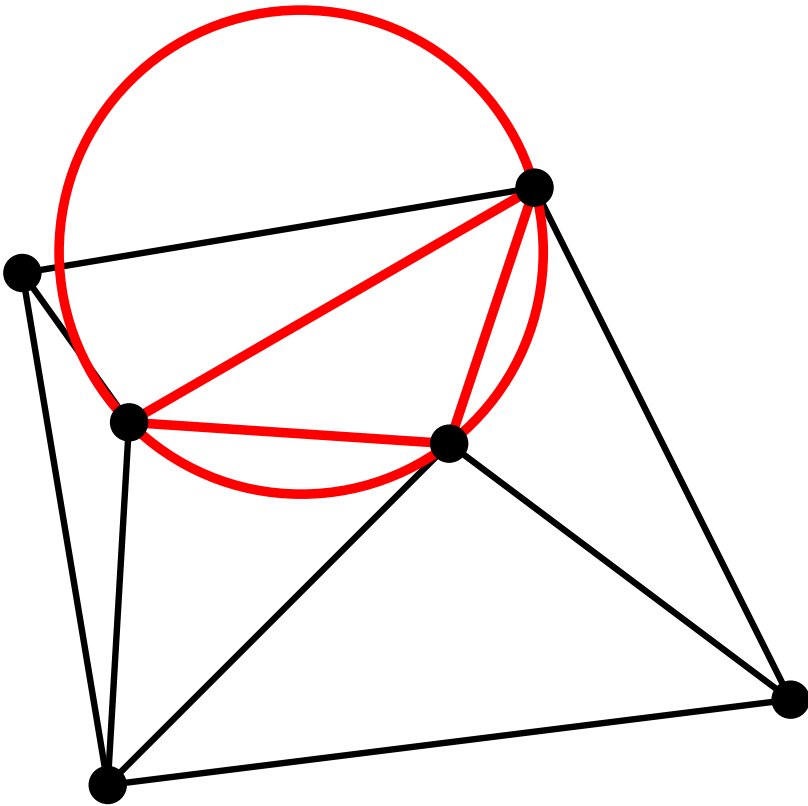
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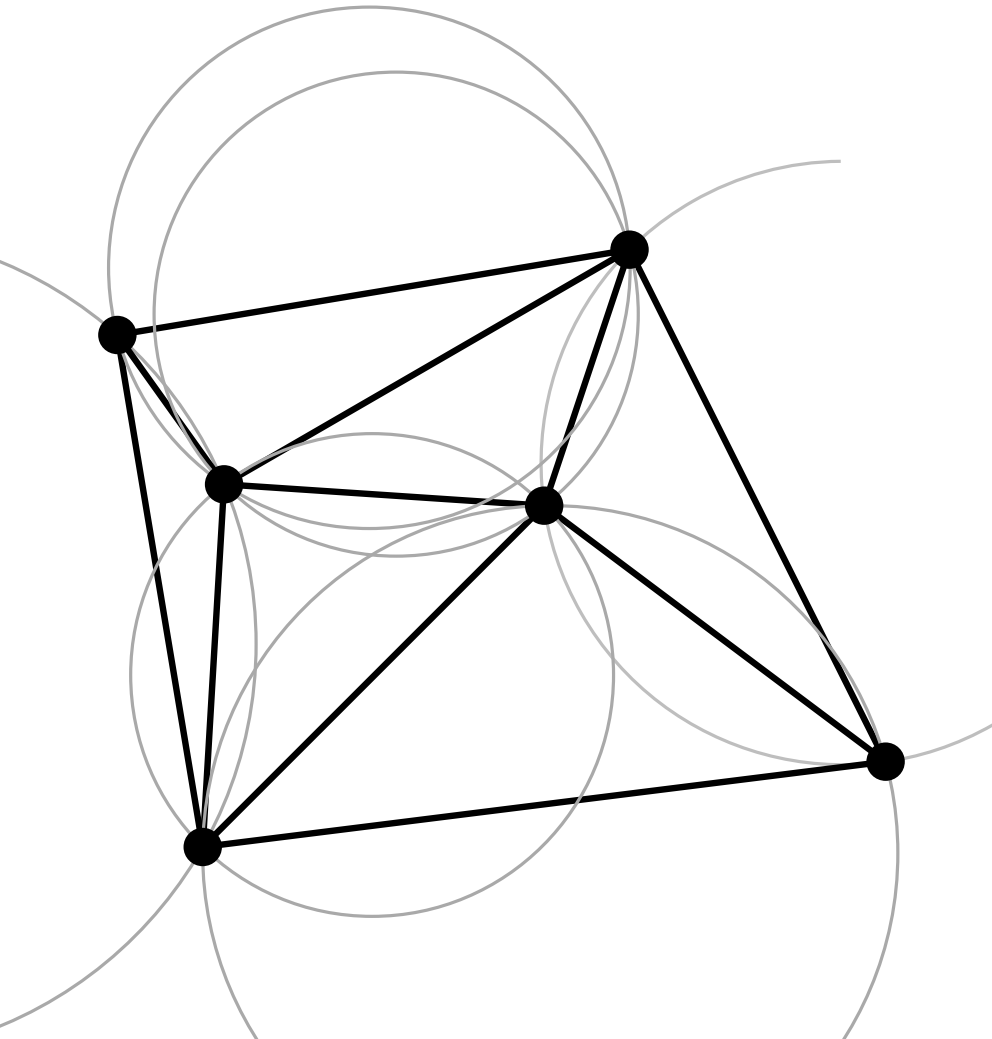
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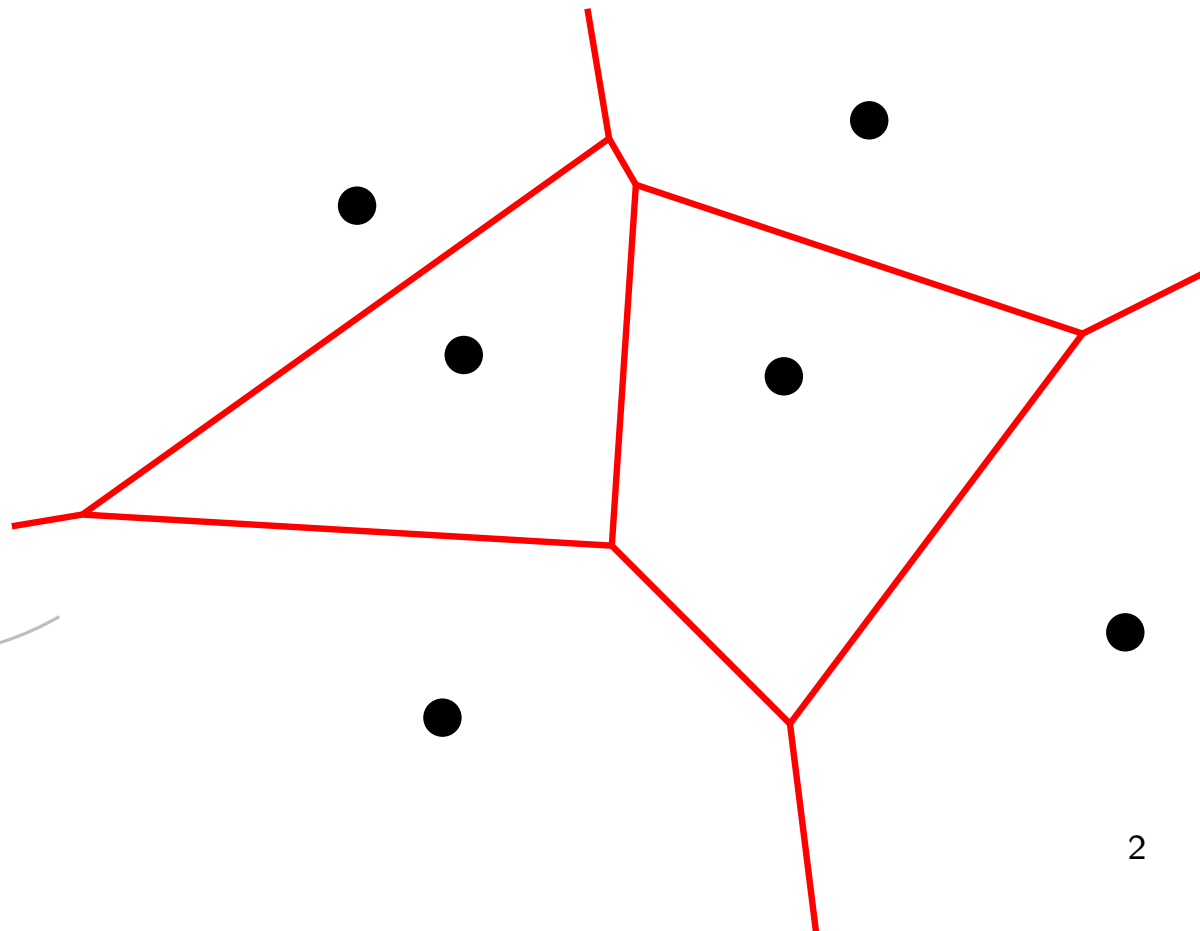
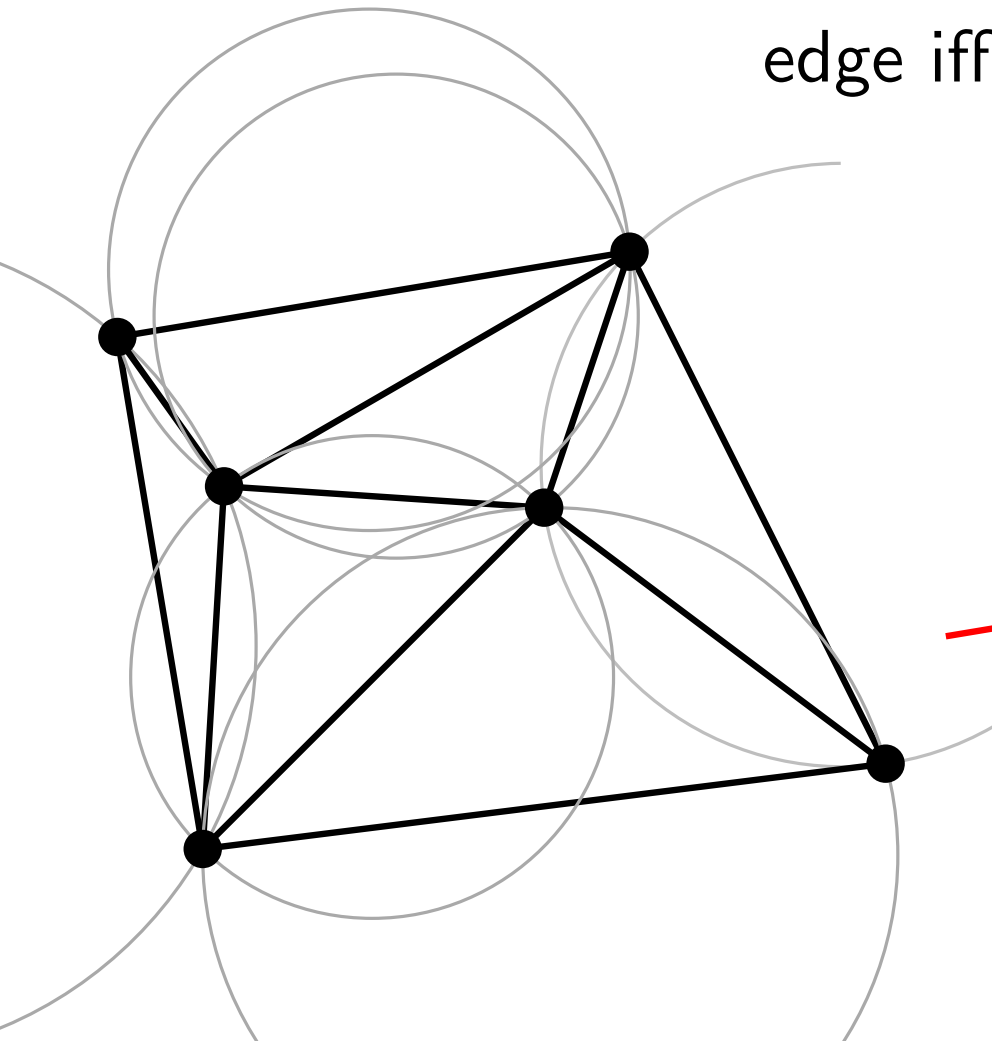
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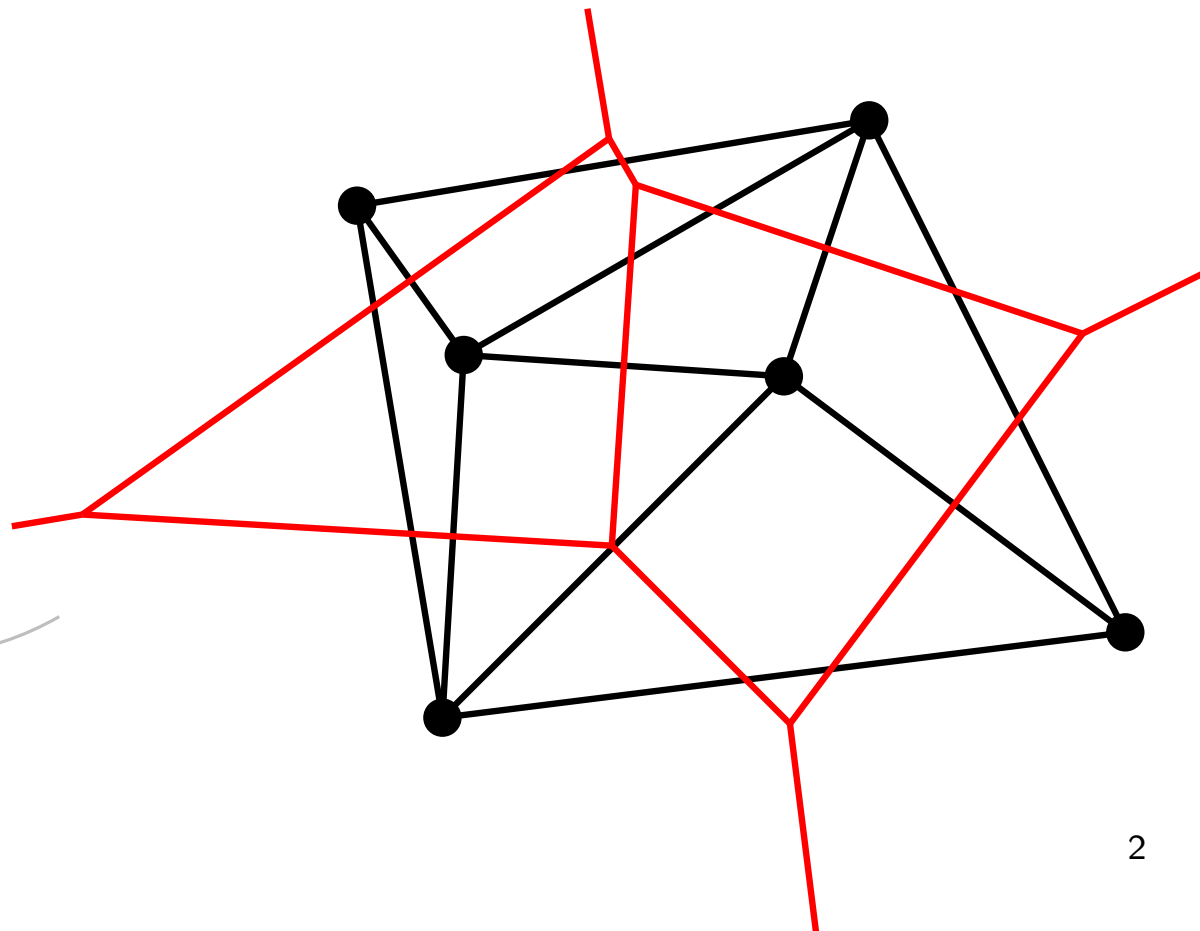
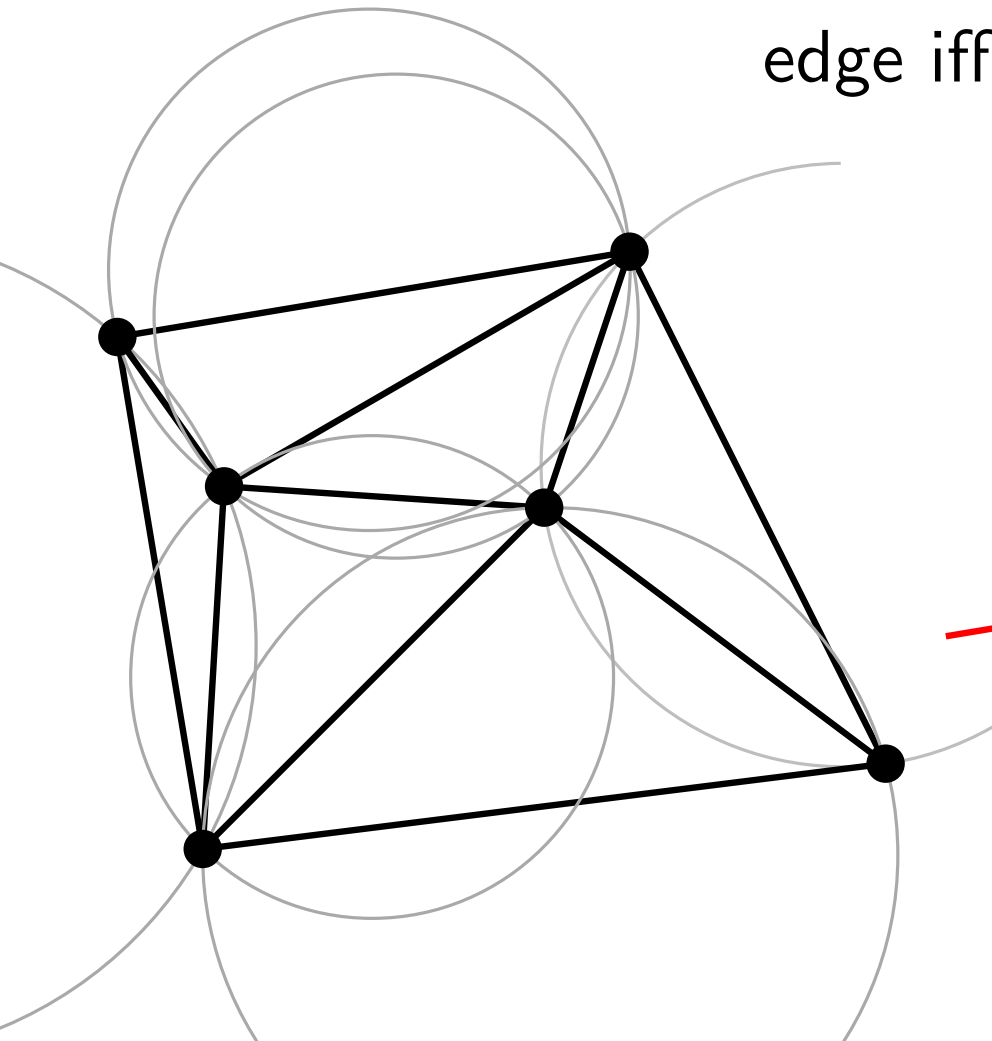
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edge iff corresponding cells adjacent



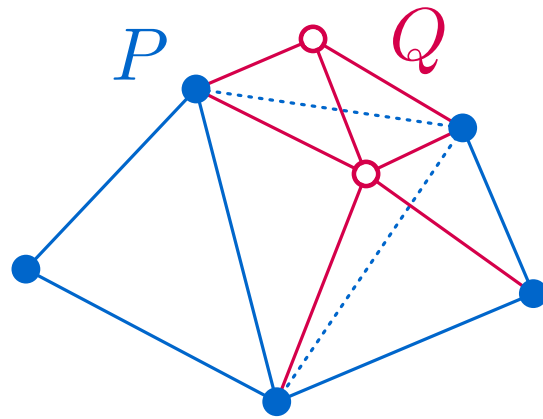
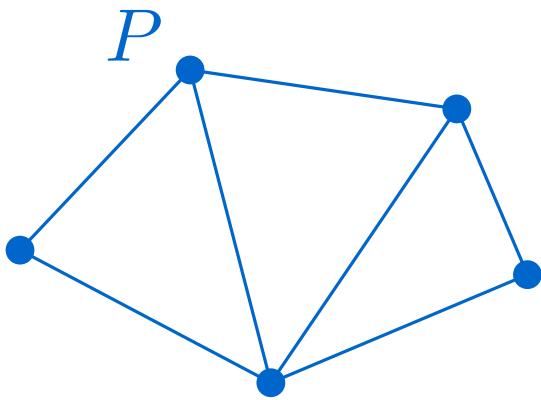
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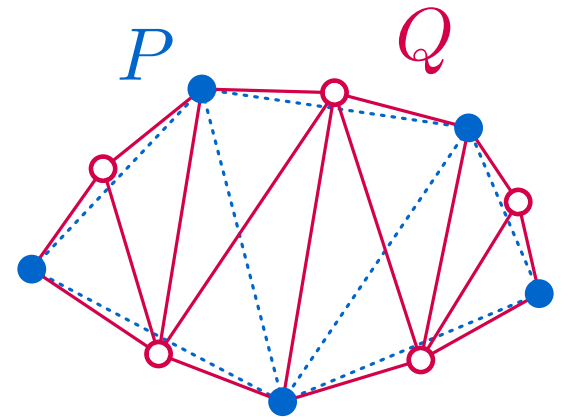
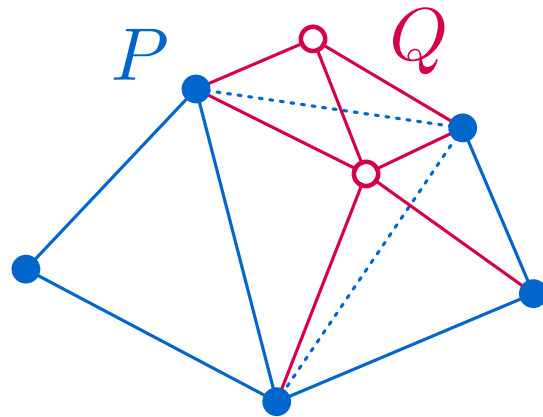
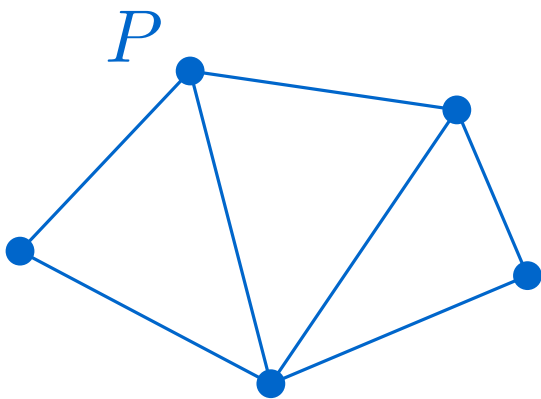
Blocking a DT

- Q blocks p_1p_2
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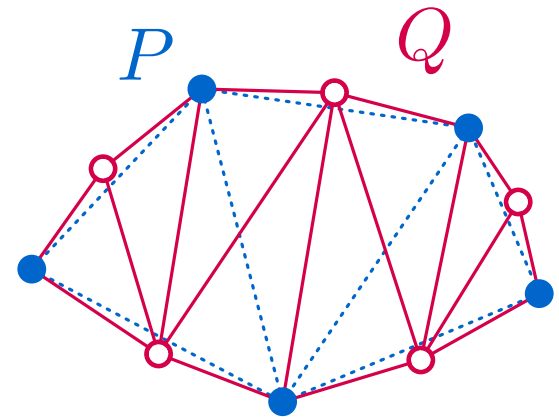
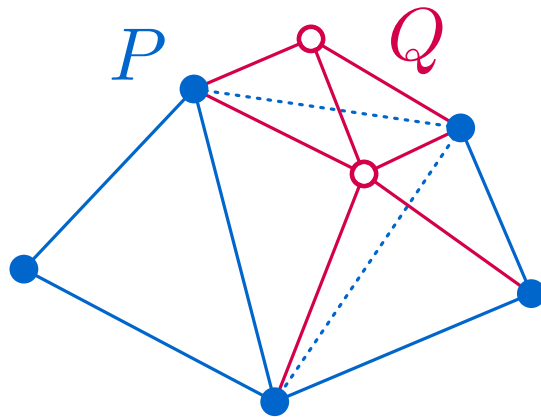
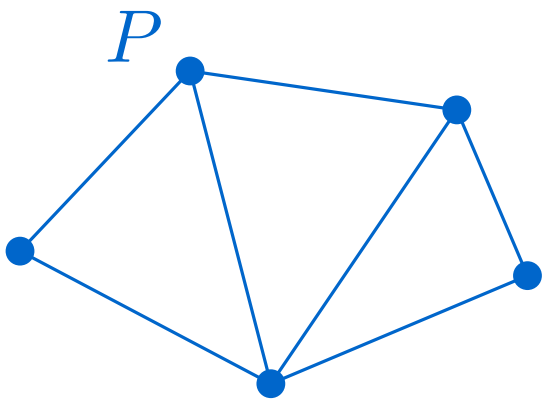
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- Q blocks P if all edges spanned by P are blocked
- Moreover, Q blocks P from the exterior if all points of Q lie outside $\text{conv}(P)$

Literature

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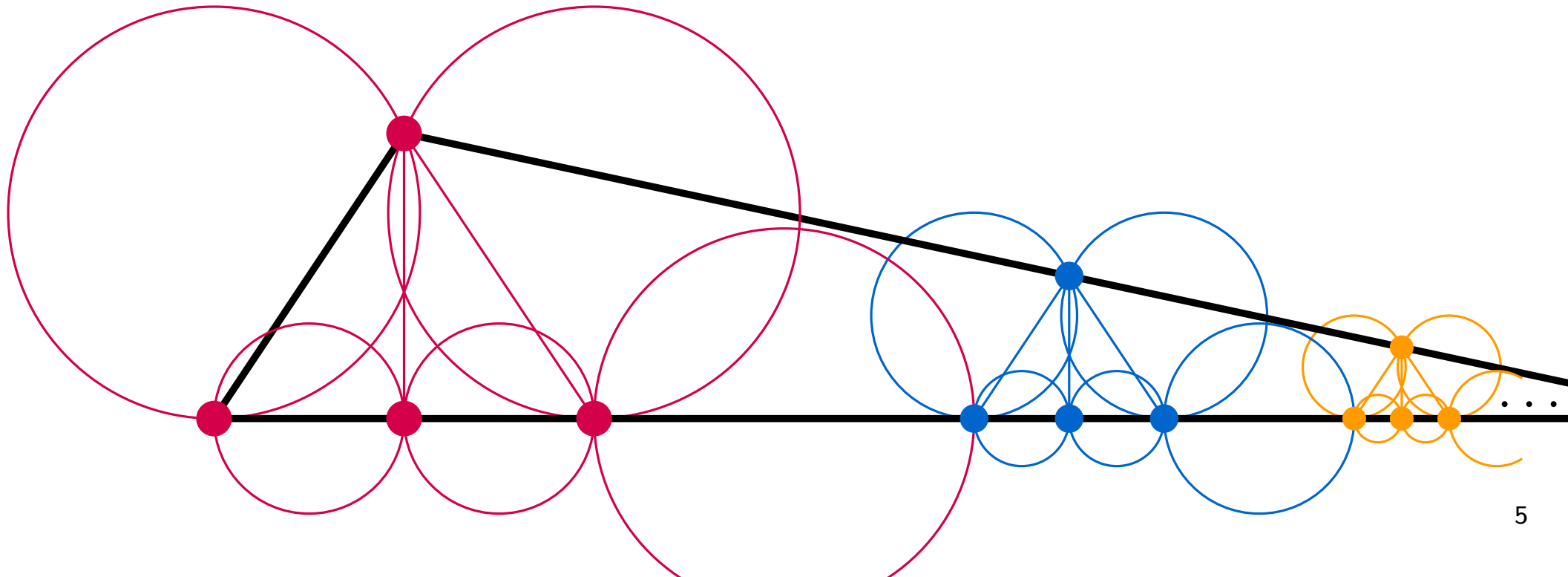
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Biniáz 2021: n points always necessary

Our Results

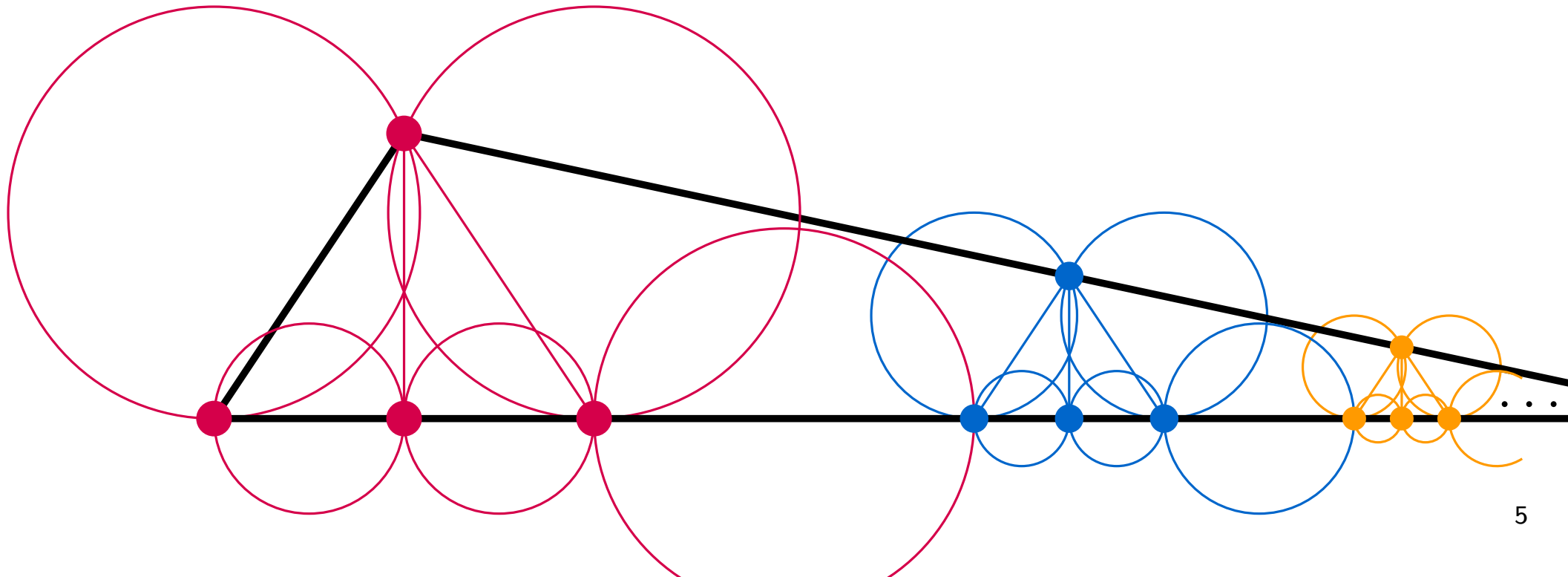
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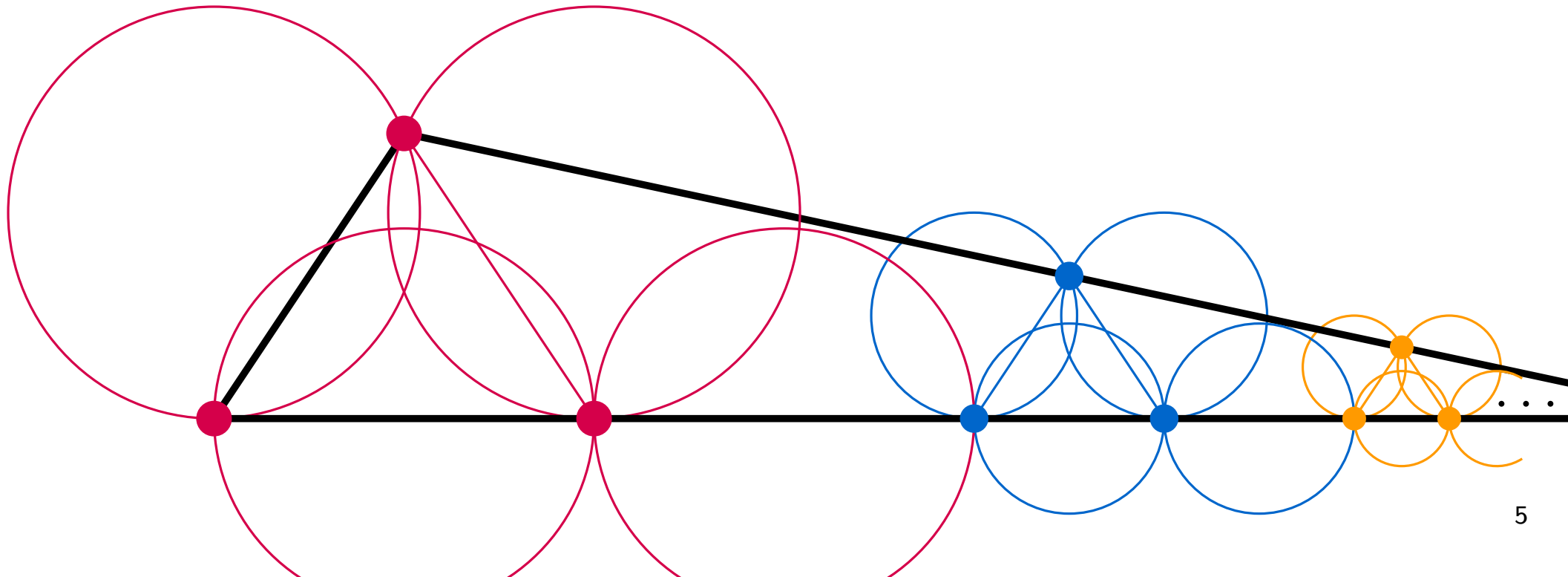
\Rightarrow minimal blocking sets of certain point sets must contain inner points



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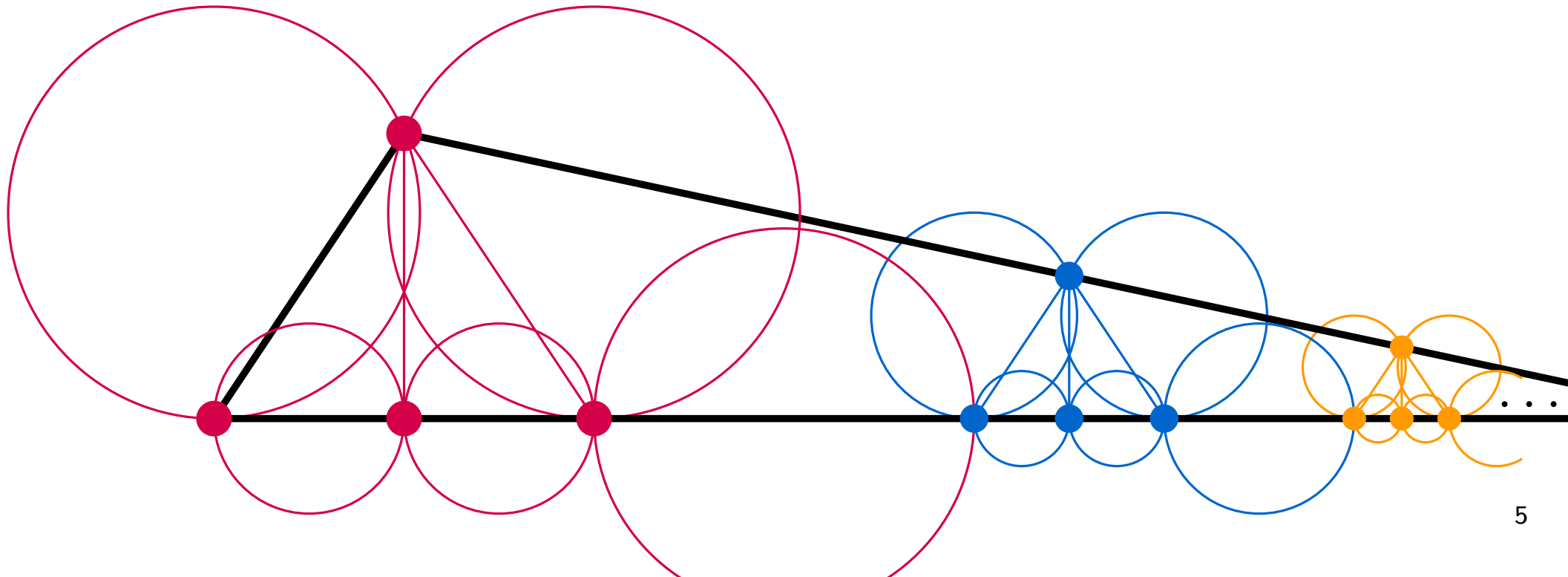
Theorem 2: For $k \in \mathbb{N}$, \exists set P of $3k$ points (degenerate) that requires $4k - 2$ exterior-blocking points.



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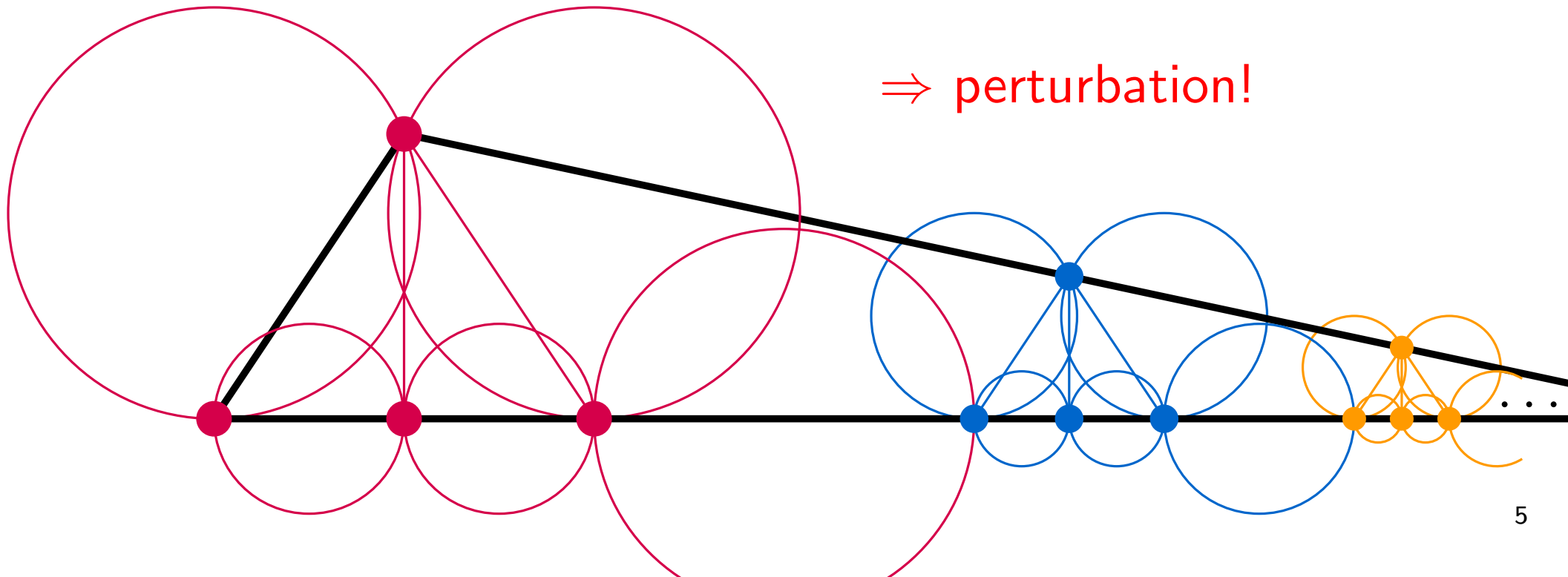
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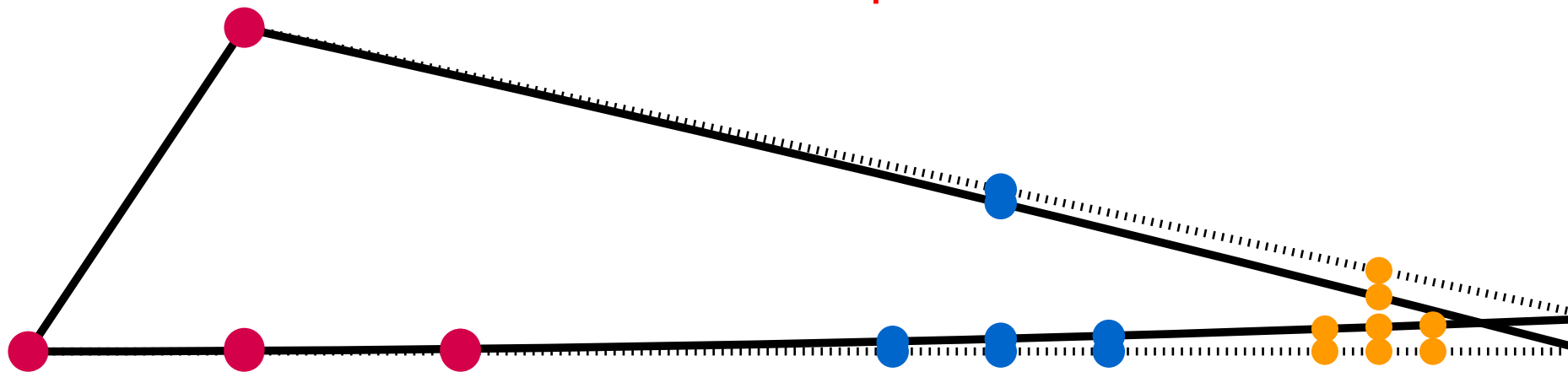


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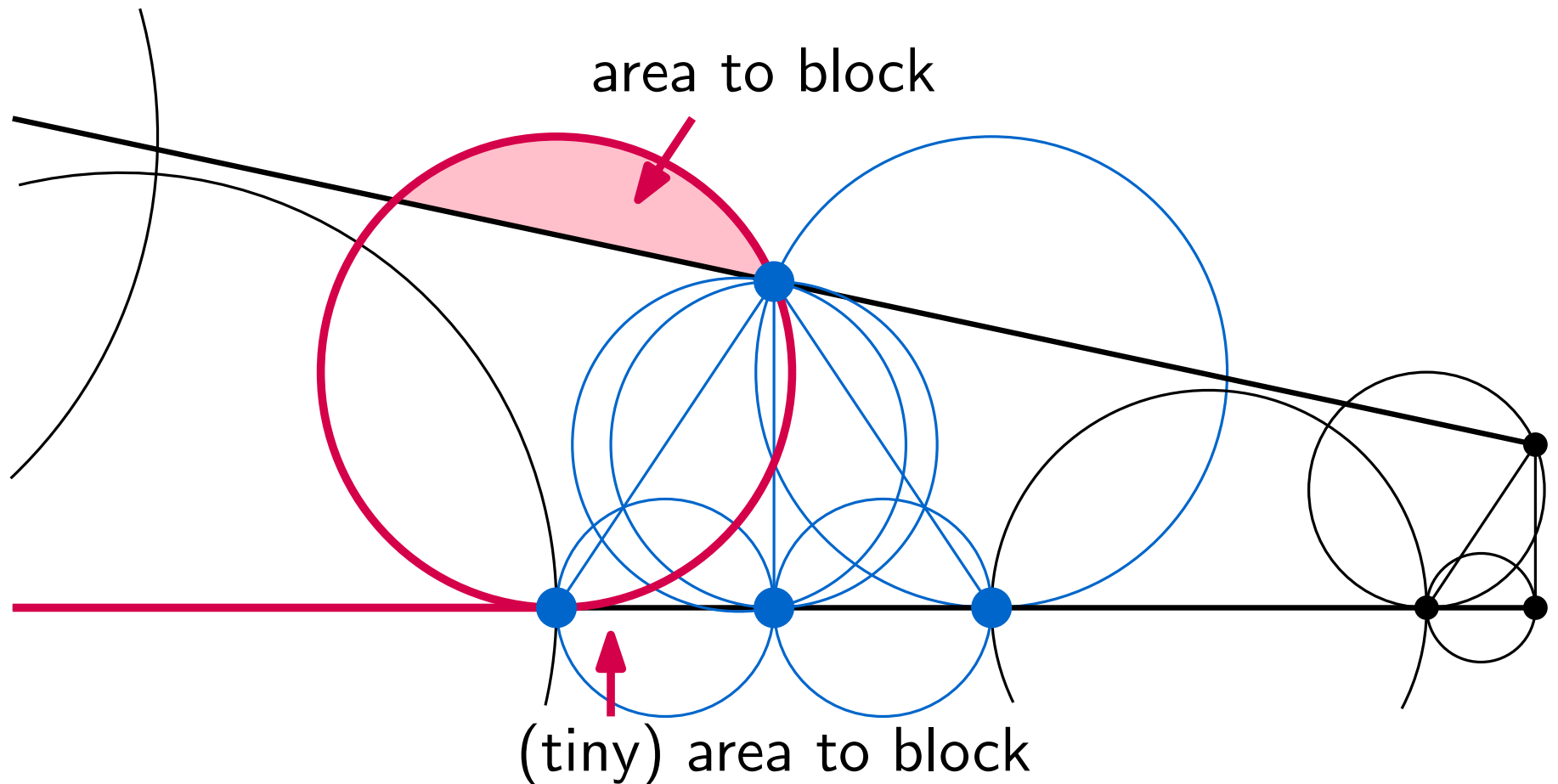
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\Rightarrow perturbation!



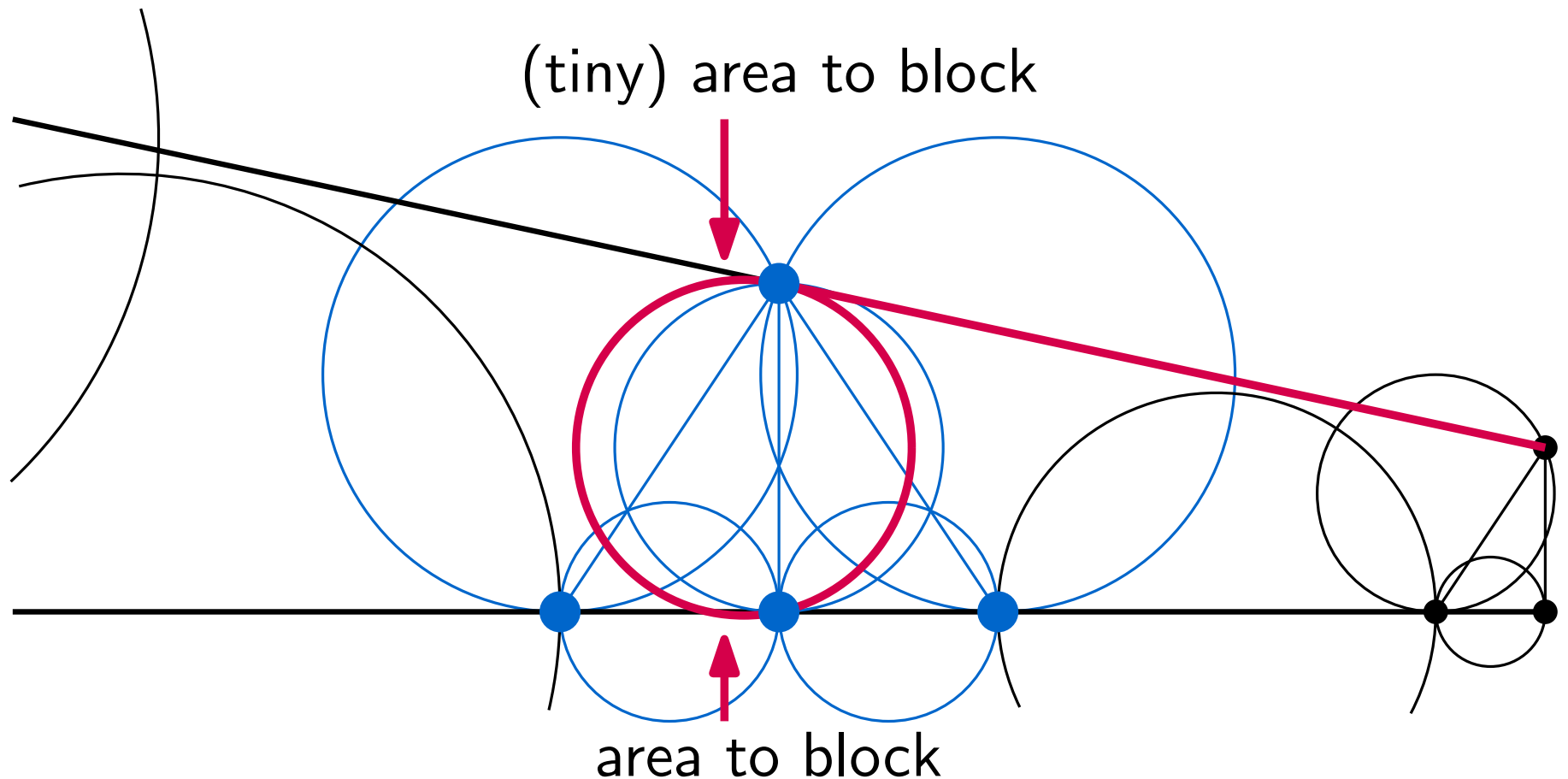
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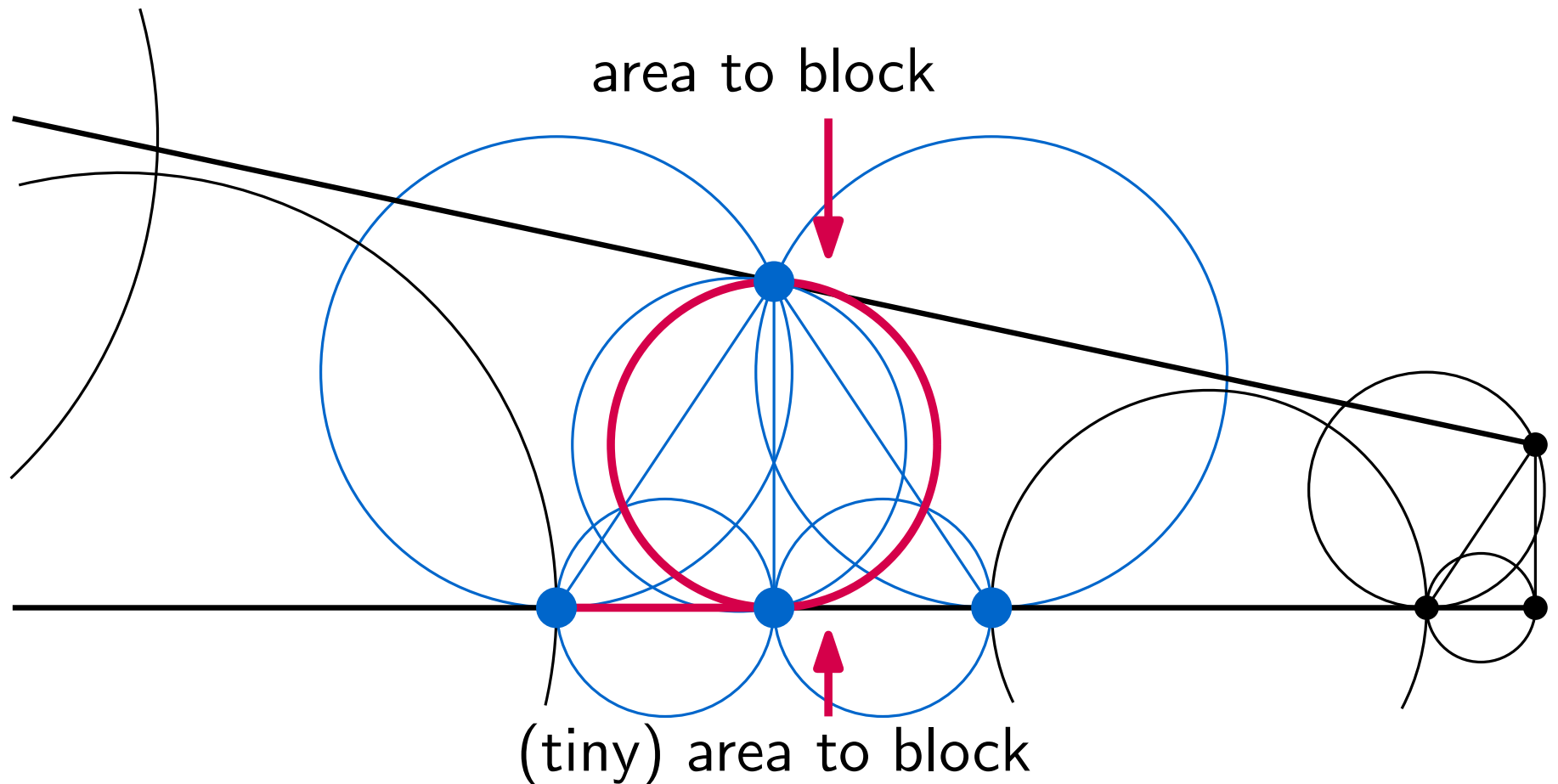
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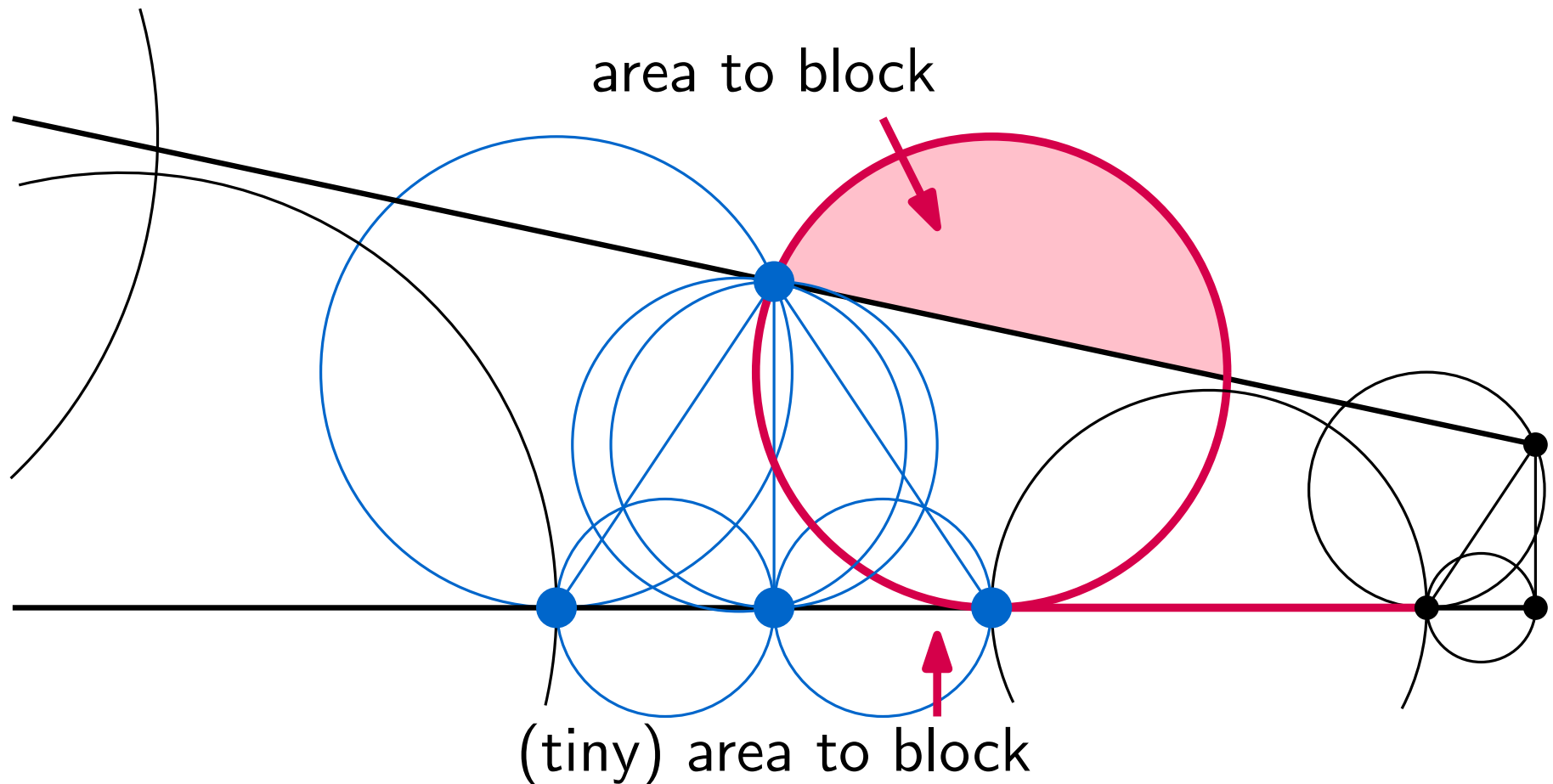
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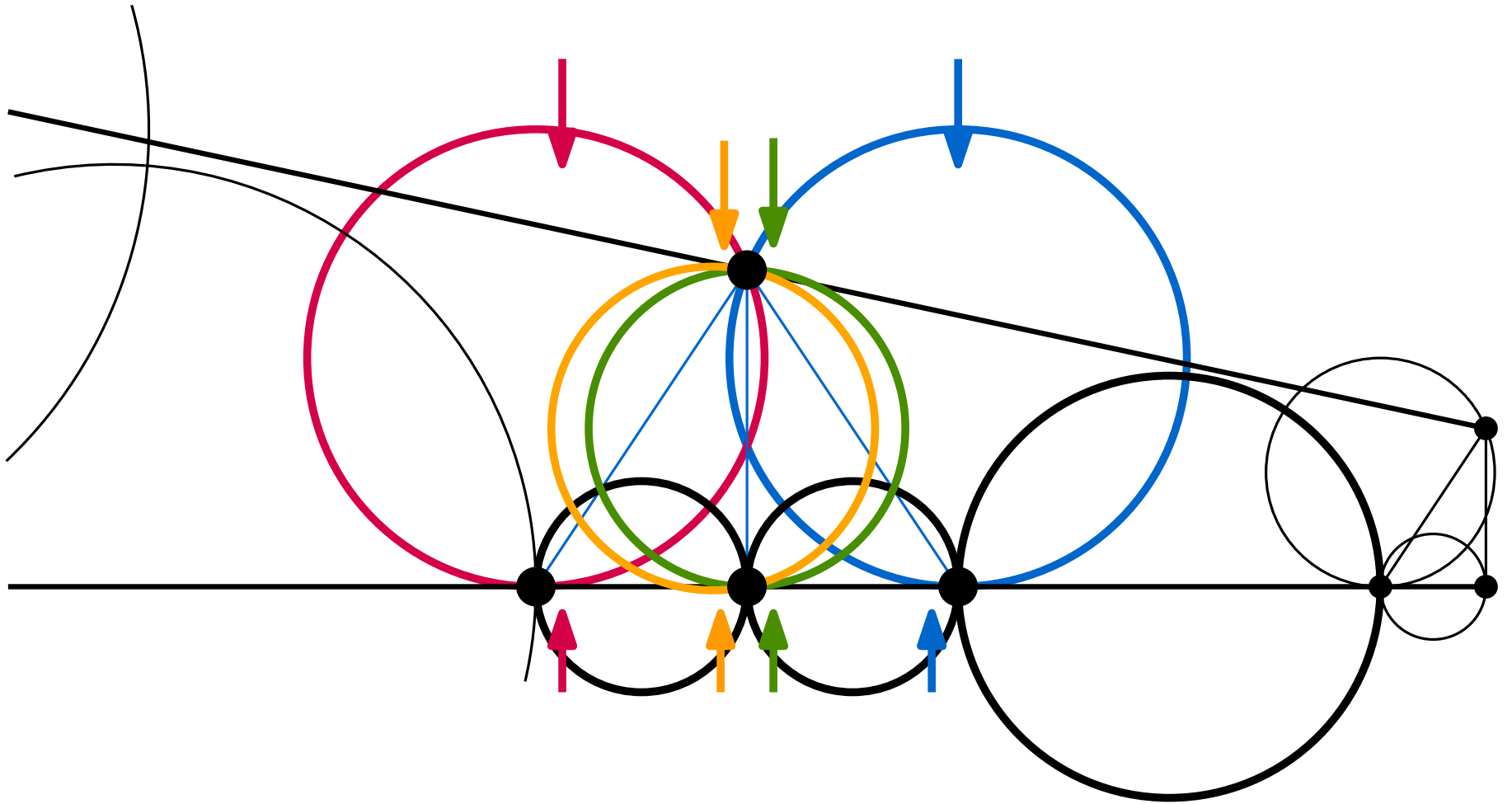
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thank you for your attention