

# Cumulant operators for stochastic integrals

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# Cumulant operators and Malliavin Calculus

We consider the Malliavin Derivative  $D$  and its adjoint  $\delta$ :

$$\mathbb{E}(F\delta(v)) = \mathbb{E}(\langle DF, v \rangle_H), \quad F \in \text{Dom}(D), v \in \text{Dom}(\delta)$$

where  $H = L^2(\mathbb{R}_+; \mathbb{R}^d)$ . For the next definition, one takes  $F \in D_{2,1}$  and  $u \in D_{k,2}(U)$ . The map

$$\Gamma_k^u : D_{2,1} \rightarrow L^2(\Omega)$$

is given in terms of  $u$  and with  $k$   $D$ -derivatives.

## Moments formula

The main formula is

$$\mathbb{E}(F\delta(u)^n) = \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{n!}{k!} \sum_{d_1+\dots+d_k=n} \frac{1}{d_1 \cdots d_k} \mathbb{E}(\Gamma_{d_1}^u \cdots \Gamma_{d_k}^u F)$$

In the specific case,  $u \in D_{n+1,2}(H)$  with  $\|u\|_H$  deterministic and  $\text{Trace}(Du)^{k+1} = 0$ ,  $1 \leq k \leq n$ :

$$\mathbb{E}(\delta(u)^{n+1}) = n\|u\|_H^2 \mathbb{E}(\delta(u)^{n-1})$$

the same moments as for  $\mathcal{N}(0, \|u\|_H^2)$ .

## Application to the Stein approximation

Edgeworth type expansions: formula for  $\mathbb{E}(F\delta(u)\Phi(\delta(u)))$ . One can have precise bounds on the quantity

$$d_w(\delta(u), \mathcal{N}) = \sup_{h \in \text{Lip}(1)} |\mathbb{E}[h(\delta(u))] - \mathbb{E}[h(\mathcal{N})]|,$$

for  $u \in D_{k,2}(H)$  with  $k \in \{1, 2, 3\}$ .

## Poisson Point process

Let consider  $\Omega^{\mathbb{X}} = \{\omega = \sum_{k \geq 1} \delta_{x_k}, x_k \in \mathbb{X}\}$  equipped with the Poisson probability measure with intensity measure  $\sigma$  on  $\mathbb{X}$ . We set

$$\varepsilon_x^+ F(\omega) = F(\omega \cup \{x\}), \quad x \in \mathbb{X}^n$$

For  $n \geq 1$  and  $u : \Omega^{\mathbb{X}} \times \mathbb{X} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{E} \left[ \left( \sum_{x \in \omega} u(x, \omega) \right)^n \right] \\ &= \sum_{k=1}^n \sum_{P_1 \cup \dots \cup P_k = \{1, \dots, n\}} \mathbb{E} \left( \int_{\mathbb{X}^k} \varepsilon_{x_1, \dots, x_k}^+ (u^{|P_1|}(x_1) \cdots u^{|P_k|}(x_k)) \prod_{i=1}^k \sigma(dx_i) \right) \end{aligned}$$

Some applications: Random stopping sets, Computation of the moments of shot noise.

# Questions

- Other examples of point processes?
- Cumulant operators connections with free probability?
- Malliavin calculus exists for Rough Paths and Regularity Structures. Any potential benefit from this point of view?