TECHNISCHE UNIVERSITÄT BERLIN Institut für Mathematik

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Exercise Sheet 4

Exercise 1: Hyperbolic distance.

Consider the Poincaré disk model $\mathbb{D}^2 := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z| < 1\}$. Given two points z and win \mathbb{D}^2 prove that

$$|z - w| = \frac{\sinh\left(\frac{d(z,w)}{2}\right)}{\cosh\left(\frac{d(0,z)}{2}\right)\cosh\left(\frac{d(0,w)}{2}\right)},$$

where d(z,w) is the hyperbolic distance between $z,w\in\mathbb{D}^2$ given by

$$d(z,w) := \log\left(\frac{|1-z\bar{w}|+|z-w|}{|1-z\bar{w}|-|z-w|}\right).$$

Exercise 2: Regular *n***-gons.**

Let $n \in \mathbb{N}$, $n \geq 3$. Consider *n*-sided polygons in the hyperbolic plane, all of whose sides are equal and all of whose angles have the value $2\pi/n$. Are there such polygons for any n?

Exercise 3: Hyperbolic quadrilaterals.

Find the fourth angle of a quadrilateral in the hyperbolic plane such that three of its angles are right and the lengths of the sides which join two right angles are a and b. In which limit does this fourth angle approach $\pi/2?$

Exercise 4: Circles and lines in \mathbb{C} **.**

Let C be either a circle or a straight line in \mathbb{C} . Show that C has the equation

$$\alpha z\bar{z} + \beta z + \bar{\beta}\bar{z} + \gamma = 0, \qquad \alpha, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}, \, \beta \in \mathbb{C}.$$

Exercise 5: Geodesics.

Consider the half-plane model $\mathbb{H}^2_+ := \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \text{Im}(z) > 0\}$. The geodesics in \mathbb{H}^2_+ are the semicircles orthogonal to the real axis and the vertical straight lines. For each of the following pairs of points in \mathbb{H}^2_+ find the equation of the geodesic between them:

- 1. (z, w) = (-3 + 4i, -3 + 5i);
- 2. (z, w) = (-3 + 4i, 3 + 4i);
- 3. (z, w) = (-3 + 4i, 5 + 12i).

Geometry I

WS 09/10

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Due: Tutorial on 20.11.09