
**8. Practice sheet for the lecture:
Combinatorics (DS I)**

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Due dates: 06.-08. June

<http://www.math.tu-berlin.de/~felsner/Lehre/dsI17.html>

- (1) Symmetric chain decompositions of \mathcal{B}_n
 - (a) Given a symmetric chain C in \mathcal{B}_n , is there a symmetric chain decomposition containing C ?
 - (b) Show that the number of chains of length $n - 2k$ in a symmetric chain decomposition of \mathcal{B}_n is $\binom{n}{k} - \binom{n}{k-1}$.

 - (2) Symmetric chain decompositions of \mathcal{B}_n and Catalan numbers
 - (a) Give a bijection between pairings of brackets of length $2n$ and binary trees with n nodes.
 - (b) Use (1b) and (2a) to derive the known explicit formula for the Catalan numbers, i.e. $C_n = \frac{1}{n+1} \binom{2n}{n}$.

 - (3) Let \mathcal{B}_n^\vee be the truncation of the Boolean lattice where the maximal and minimal element is deleted. Let \mathcal{C} be a symmetric chain decomposition which is canonical (originating from the bracketing process). Let $\bar{\mathcal{C}}$ be its complement, i.e. for a chain $C \in \mathcal{C}$ the set \bar{C} of complements of sets in C is a set in $\bar{\mathcal{C}}$.
 - (a) Show that $\bar{\mathcal{C}}$ is a symmetric chain decomposition.
 - (b) Show that \mathcal{C} and $\bar{\mathcal{C}}$ are *orthogonal*, i.e. $|C \cap D| \leq 1$ for all $C \in \mathcal{C}$ and $D \in \bar{\mathcal{C}}$.

 - (4) Let \mathcal{A} be a family of k -subsets of $[n]$ and \mathcal{B} be a family of l -subsets of $[n]$ such that $l + k \leq n$ and $A \cap B \neq \emptyset$ for all $A \in \mathcal{A}$ and $B \in \mathcal{B}$.
 - (a) Show that $|\mathcal{A}| < \binom{n-1}{k-1}$ or $|\mathcal{B}| \leq \binom{n-1}{k-1}$.
Hint: Use shadows as in the second proof of the Erdős-Ko-Rado theorem.
 - (b) Deduce the Erdős-Ko-Rado theorem from (a).
- (0.2) We will discuss exercise 2 of sheet 0.