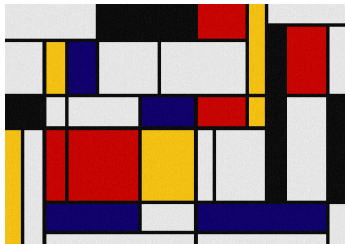


# Graph Representations: Rectangles and Squares

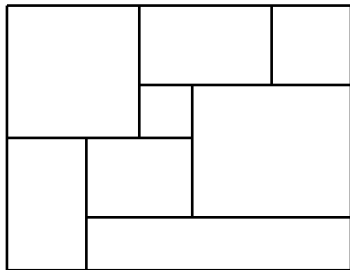
Spring School SGT 2018  
Seté, June 11-15, 2018

**Stefan Felsner**

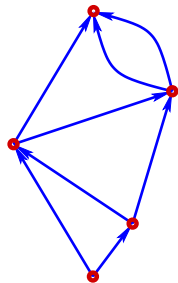
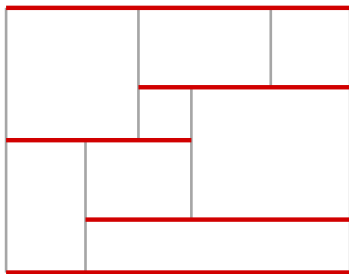
Technische Universität Berlin  
felsner@math.tu-berlin.de



## A Rectangular Dissection

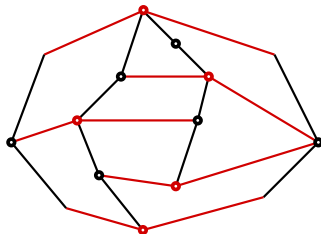
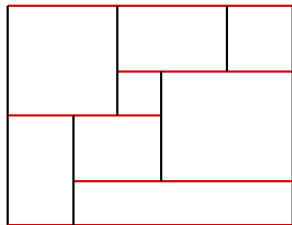


## Rectangular Dissections Induce Graphs



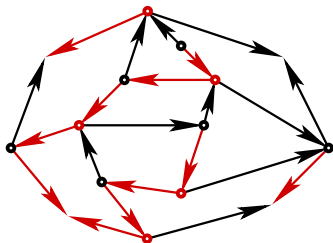
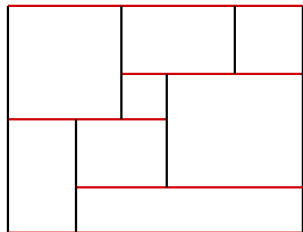
A bipolar graph  $G$  induced by  $R$ .  
( $R$  is a visibility representation of  $G$ .)

## Rectangular Dissections Induce Graphs



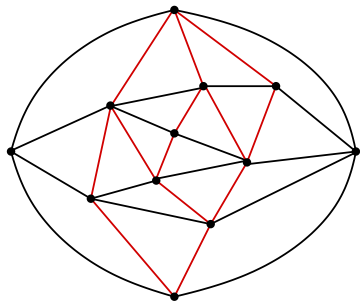
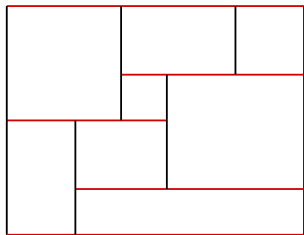
A quadrangulation based on segment contacts.

## Rectangular Dissections Induce Graphs



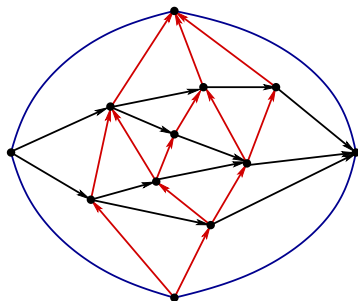
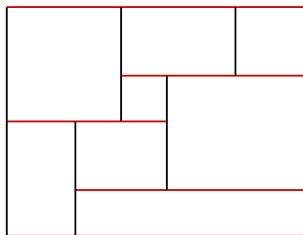
A separating decomposition of the quadrangulation.

## Rectangular Dissections Induce Graphs



An inner triangulation of a quadrangle.

## Rectangular Dissections Induce Graphs



A transversal structure on the inner triangulation of a quadrangle.

# Problems

- Find a representation.
- Find an optimal representation.
- Find representation with additional properties.

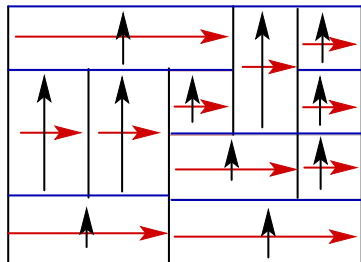
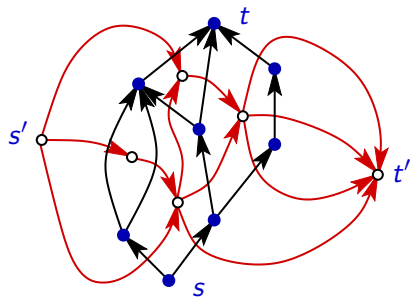


---

## Segment contact representations

## Sketch: Bipolar Orientation

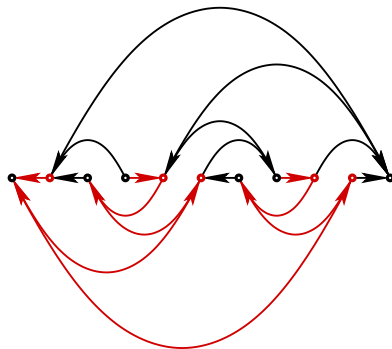
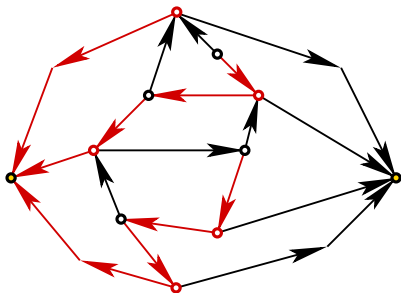
From the bipolar orientation compute its dual orientation.  
Together they yield a rectangular dissection.



coordinates from longest paths

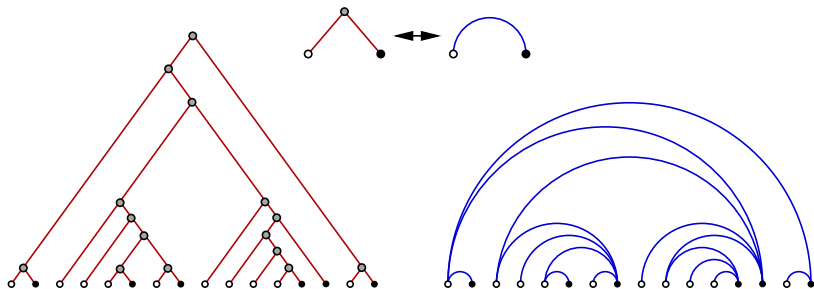
## Sketch: Quadrangulation

- Compute a separating decomposition.
- Separate the two alternating trees.



# Alternating and Full Binary Trees

**Proposition.** There is bijection between alternating and binary trees that preserves types (left/right) of nodes.



## Sketch: Quadrangulation

- The two binary trees obtained from the separating decomposition fit together.

