
**10. Übungsblatt zur Vorlesung:
Graphentheorie (DS II)**

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<http://www.math.tu-berlin.de/~felsner/Lehre/dsII21.html>

- (1) We call two drawings of a connected planar graph *d-isomorphic* if their dual graphs are isomorphic. A *rotation system* describes the combinatorics of a drawing by the cyclic permutation of incident edges of each vertex. We call two drawings of a planar graph *r-isomorphic* if (there is a permutation of the vertices and edges such that) the rotation systems agree. Show that these two notions are different and that one implies the other.
- (2) Let X be a k element point set on the unit circle and \bar{X} the set of opposite points on the circle such that $X \cap \bar{X} = \emptyset$. How many triangles built from points in $X \cup \bar{X}$ contain the midpoint of the circle? (If the midpoint lies on one of the edges of the triangle, it is considered outside of the triangle)
- (3) Does every planar graph have a circle packing representation, such that all radii are equal? Find necessary conditions for graphs with this properties. Find classes of graphs which have this property.
- (4) Crossing number variants:
Let the crossing edge number of a drawing Γ of a graph G be the number of edges in Γ that are crossed, no matter how many times they are crossed. Let $\text{cre}(G)$ denote the minimum of all crossing edge numbers of drawings of G .
 - (a) Prove that $\text{cre}(G) \leq 2 \text{cr}(G)$.
 - (b) Find an example graph G such that $\text{cre}(G) < 2 \text{cr}(G)$.
- (5) Separator theorem lower bound:
Let G be the $[n] \times [n]$ grid, that is, $V = [n] \times [n]$, and there is an edge between (i, j) and (i', j') if and only if $\|(i, j) - (i', j')\| = 1$. Let X be a k element subset of $V(G)$, $k \leq \frac{n^2}{2}$. Prove that the number of vertices not in X , but adjacent to some vertex in X is at least $\sqrt{\frac{k}{2}}$.
[Hint: Which rows/columns contain vertices of X ?]