
**4. Practice sheet for the lecture:
Combinatorics (DS I)**

Felsner/ Schröder
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Due dates: 11.-13. May

<http://www.math.tu-berlin.de/~felsner/Lehre/dsI21.html>

- (1) Let a_k denote the number of words of length k over the alphabet $\{u, l, r\}$ with no l and r consecutive, i.e. lr and rl do not appear. These words can be interpreted as grid paths of length k which go up, left and right, and do not intersect themselves.
- (a) Find a linear recursion for a_k .
 - (b) Express the generating function as a rational function.
 - (c) Find a closed form for a_k .
 - (d) Give a combinatorial proof for the equation:

$$A(z) = \left(1 + 2 \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} z^k\right) \cdot (z \cdot A(z) + 1)$$

- (2) In how many ways can you pay n Dollar with 1\$, 5\$ and 10\$ notes? Find a generating function and compute the number of ways to pay 50 Dollar.
[Hint: find three distinct generating functions, each for one type of notes only, and put them together in the right way]
- (3) Let $F(z) := \sum \frac{B(n)}{n!} z^n$ be the exponential generating function of the Bell numbers $B(n)$. Show that there exist a function $f(x)$ such that

$$F'(x) = f(x)F(x).$$

Solve the differential equation and deduce a closed formula for $F(x)$. Use the recursion for the Bell numbers $B(n+1) = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} B(n-k)$

- (4) Consider a tower of size $2 \times 2 \times n$ and bricks of size $2 \times 1 \times 1$. How many different tilings of the tower with bricks (and rotated copies) exist?
[Hint: Consider both, the number of tilings a_k of a tower of height k and the number of unfinished tilings b_k , where in the top level only 2 cubes (of the 4) are covered by standing bricks.]
- (5) (Germany 2004) Given a graph with black and white vertices, a movement consists in changing the color of a vertex and every other vertex adjacent to it. If we start with any graph G with only white vertices, is it always possible to turn them all black with such movements?