## Geometry I

Practice problems for Test, 2009 December 17

1. Suppose four points $A, B, C, D \in \mathbb{R} P^{1}$ have cross-ratio $\mathbb{R}(A, B, C, D)=q$. What is the cross-ratio $\mathrm{R}(B, C, A, D)$ ?
2. Let $\triangle A B C$ be a hyperbolic triangle with angles $\alpha=\pi / 6, \beta=\pi / 4, \gamma=\pi / 2$. What are the side lengths? What is the area of the triangle?
3. Suppose $\ell, \ell^{\prime}$ are lines in $\mathbb{H}^{2}$ with unit normal vectors $n=(5 / 4,0,3 / 4)$ and $n^{\prime}=$ $(1,1,-1)$, respectively, in Lorentz space. Do these lines intersect? If so, at what angle and at what point $p \in \mathbb{H}^{2}$ ? If not, what is the distance between the lines?
4. Show that there are circles in the hyperbolic plane which cannot be inscribed into a triangle.
5. Suppose $U$ and $U^{\prime}$ are vector subspaces of $V$. Show that the projective subspace $P\left(U+U^{\prime}\right) \subset P(V)$ is the union of all lines $x x^{\prime}$ where $x \in P(U)$ and $x^{\prime} \in P\left(U^{\prime}\right)$ with $x \neq x^{\prime}$.
